



Your appointment:

Date:
.....

Time:
.....

Location:

Thrive Medical
170 Crystal Street
Broken Hill NSW 2880

Duration of examination:

A pelvic ultrasound examination usually takes around 30 minutes. This may vary according to the reason for the examination.

Please bring with you:

- Your request form
- All previous relevant imaging
- Medicare and any Healthcare cards

For more information on this procedure please call 08 80879383 or visit www.thrivemed.com.au

What is a pelvic ultrasound scan?

A gynaecological or pelvic ultrasound involves assessment of the female pelvic organs (uterus and ovaries). Both a transabdominal and a transvaginal scan will be performed in most cases. The best view of the pelvic organs is obtained with a transvaginal (internal) ultrasound scan.

What preparation is required?

No special preparation is required for a combined transabdominal/transvaginal scan, which is the majority of our gynae scans. However, if a transvaginal scan is not appropriate for you, you will need to attend with a full bladder. The full bladder will push the bowel out of the pelvis, allowing the pelvic organs to be seen in most cases. Drinking 500mls of water at least one hour before your examination and then not emptying your bladder should result in a full bladder for the time of your scan.

Timing of your scan

The general ultrasound examination of the pelvis can be done at any time of the cycle, even when menstruating. However, interpretation of the appearance of the ovaries and endometrium (lining of the womb) is best done immediately after your period, and ideally, we would book your examination at that time. Some specialised gynaecological procedures such as saline infusion, tubal patency assessment and cavity shape assessment need specific timing with your cycle. Please contact us if more information about these procedures is required

What will happen during the examination?

Generally, a transabdominal scan is performed first. Gel is applied to the lower abdomen so that the ultrasound probe can glide over the skin and allow visualisation of the pelvic organs.

A transvaginal (internal) scan involves a thin covered ultrasound probe being introduced a short distance into the vagina to view the uterus and ovaries. This is a simple and safe procedure.

The examination is similar to that of a pelvic examination. Most women find the transvaginal scan preferable and more comfortable than a transabdominal scan with a full bladder. The examination is typically completed in about ten minutes.

Transvaginal scans are not performed on young girls, those who have not been sexually active or those who choose not to have this type of scan.

Please let the sonographer know if a vaginal scan is not appropriate for you.

Are there any risks?

The vaginal ultrasound probes are sterilised and covered by a protective sheath for each patient.

Ultrasound scans utilise high-frequency sound waves. No confirmed adverse have been identified to date. No ionizing radiation is used.

After the examination

The images will be reviewed and reported by our radiologist. These results will be communicated to your treating doctor in accordance with your doctors preferred communication method (e.g. hard copy, film or electronic).